Performance of Mutual Funds with reference to Private Banks in India

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Abstract: Volatility and return are always the concern of investors especially in developing countries like India. This study examined the performance of private banks’ mutual funds in India during 2019 – 2021. Purposive sampling was applied to collect the data. HDFC, ICICI, Kotak and Axis banks mutual funds have the highest market share and were our sample. The study concludes that the mutual funds were performing very safe for the investors. On Debt Based Mutual Funds it’s better to invest in Axis and ICICI Banks. In Equity Based Mutual Funds it’s suggested to invest in Axis Bank and in Hybrid Based Mutual Funds it’s suggested to choose ICICI Bank.

Keyword: Mutual Funds, Private Banks, Sortino Ratio, Tracking Error, India.

1. Introduction:
The mutual fund industry is one of India's capital and monetary business sectors' quickest growing areas. Lately, India's shared asset business has seen significant development as far as both amount and nature of item and administration contributions. The common asset industry has a ton of room for development later on. Various resource the board organizations with establishes in other nations are expanding their tasks in India. Product common assets have been supported by India's Securities Exchange Board. Thus, common subsidizes in India can possibly develop also, venture into provincial and semi-metropolitan regions. Accordingly, exhaustive review into the common asset area is fundamental. The motivation behind the review is to give data to retail financial backers with the goal that they would be able make all around informed determinations.

2. Review of Literature:
Shivam and Gurudutta (2020) studied the performance of 15 Equity Mutual Funds in India by application of Jenson’s alpha, beta, standard deviation, Sharpe ratio and they found among this 15 Equity Mutual Funds 10 Mutual Funds are well highly Volatile Market.

Ankita and Deepak (2020) are studied about the performance of Equity Shares and Mutual Funds their look at evaluate and examine the Equity Fund Schemes and Mutual Fund Schemes in appreciate of naked threat and return. The research also studies the average danger and return of decided on organizations Mutual Funds and as well as of Equity Shares. The Equity Shares are having high chance and go back while evaluate with the Mutual Funds and ANOVA result indicates there isn’t always widespread distinction among the return and hazard of equity and mutual fund.

Mayank and prateek (2020) studied the performance of mutual fund industry in India. Mutual fund industry has experienced a drastic boom within the past two decades by using implementing more no of agenda. The paper examines the performance of mutual budget agenda ranked 1 with the aid of CRISIL and compares these returns with SBI home time period deposit prices and he 27 concluded unawareness of the investment factors of the Mutual Fund in the different time angle the investor can make investments for wrong period and the possibility to earn go back cannot be completed.

Karrupasamy and vanaja, (2014) showed that majority of the public region schemes decided on for the examine outperformed the category common and also benchmark indices and majority of the different schemes carried out nicely on the basis of performance index.

Sehdev R and Ranjan P (2014) According to Scholars Journal of Economics, Business and Management's article "A examine on Investor's perception towards mutual fund making an investment," the majority pick out balanced budget and debt budget. Following that, investors are seeking out Equity Diversified and Sector finances. Benefits and transparency, returns, redemption duration, liquidity, and institutional investor activity are all factors that affect traders' choice to spend money on mutual budget. People flip to the net more than another media platform for statistics on mutual finances.

Narayanasamy, and rathnamani, (2013) compared the performance of selected fairness big cap mutual funds schemes in phrases of danger- return courting. The performance analysis of the selected five equity massive cap funds. The have a look at might also conclude that all the price range have done nicely inside the high risky market motion count on Reliance vision.

Kale & Panchapagesan (2012) studied the Indian mutual fund industry and the troubles that make a contribution to its constrained penetration, which includes a loss of impartial research. It evaluates the enterprise on an international scale and examines vital issues such as mutual fund possession and overall performance, the importance of law to the industry's boom, and the 26 sensitivity of funding flows to performance, all of that have received scant interest within India It then captures the views of well-
known practitioners on these and different problems, inclusive of the difficulties caused by a loss of economic literacy, the united states of america's fairness lifestyle, and the regulatory environment's lack of assistance.

Sahiljain (2012) examined the overall performance of fairness primarily based mutual budget. A total of forty-five schemes supplied through 2 personal zone companies and 2 public area groups, were studied over the period April 1997 to April 2012 (15 years). The analysis has been made using the risk-go back courting and Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM). The general analysis finds that HDFC and ICICI have been the pleasant performers, UTI an average performer and LIC the worst performer which gave under- expected returns at the threat-go back dating.

Nishant (2011) tested fund sensitivity to the marketplace fluctuations in term of Beta and found that the threat and return of mutual budget schemes were not in conformity with their stated funding goals.

Garg (2011) analyzed the overall performance of pinnacle ten mutual finances that changed into selected on the premise of preceding years go back. The observe observed the overall performance on the idea of go back, popular deviation, beta as well as Treynor, Jensen and Sharpe indexes. The look at also used Carhart’s 4-thing version to observe the performance of mutual price range. The effects monitor that Reliance Regular Saving Scheme Fund has achieved the pleasant very last rating.

Jank S (2010) studied on "Are there Disadvantaged Clientele in Mutual Funds?" he says that mutual fund customers chase beyond success, given the truth that performance isn't constant over the years. This approach that buyers purchase mutual funds that have historically produced sturdy returns. Investors, then again, are hesitant to dispose of assets which have underperformed. Mutual fund buyers' inconsistency has frequently been criticized for this conduct. Because exceptional earlier fulfillment is a hallmark for managerial flair, state-of-the-art buyers logically chase it. There became no clear variation in investor blend between the worst performing finances and people that carried out nicely terrible performance.

Rao (2006) studied the investment styles and performance of Equity Mutual Funds in India he used Sharpe’s Measure, Treynor’s Measure, and Jensen’s Alpha he found Growth Plans (17 out of 21 plans) are better than Dividend plans and he also concludes 4 Growth plans and 1 Dividend plan (5 out of the 42 plans) are generated higher returns.

Gremlin L (2005) gave complete information approximately the mutual fund enterprise in his e-book "Mutual Fund Industry HandBook - A Comprehensive Guide for Investment Professionals." It also mentions the severe styles of obstacles that numerous specialists in this enterprise face. The E Book has furnished a wide variety of facts and know-how with the intention to advantage all and sundry with a strong hobby within the area.


3. Methodology:  
The scope of the study is limited to 4 private sector banks in India. The data collected from three financial years from 2018-2021. The study consists of three years of data related to HDFC, ICICI, Axis, Kotak Mahindra Banks from 2018-19 to 2020-21. The data used were collected by using secondary source like bank websites etc. The data collected through purposive sampling. Various statistical tools and ratio analysis such as Standard deviation, beta, Sharpe ratio, Treynor’s ratio, Jensen’s alpha, tracking error and Sortino ratio were used to analyze the data.

\[
\text{Sharpe Ratio} = \frac{R_P - R_f}{\sigma_p}
\]
\[
\text{Treynor’s Ratio} = \frac{R_P - R_f}{\beta_p}
\]
\[
\text{Jensen’s Alpha} = R_P - \left( R_f + \beta_p \left( R_m - R_f \right) \right)
\]
\[
\text{Tracking Error} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (R_P - R_b)^2}{n-1}}
\]
\[
\text{Sortino Ratio} = \frac{R_P - R_f}{\sigma_D}
\]

4. Analysis of Data:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BANKS</th>
<th>BETA VALUES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HDFC</td>
<td>0.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICICI</td>
<td>1.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KOTAK</td>
<td>1.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AXIS</td>
<td>0.97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.1. Debt Based Mutual Funds:

Table-2: Debt Based Mutual Funds Ratios

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Matrix</th>
<th>HDFC</th>
<th>ICICI</th>
<th>KOTAK</th>
<th>AXIS</th>
<th>Ranking HDFC</th>
<th>Ranking ICICI</th>
<th>Ranking KOTAK</th>
<th>Ranking AXIS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sharpe Ratio</td>
<td>2.218168</td>
<td>2.649582</td>
<td>2.822574</td>
<td>2.183634</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treynor’s Ratio</td>
<td>17.69268</td>
<td>21.07901</td>
<td>22.39986</td>
<td>17.3192</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jensen’s Alpha</td>
<td>6.077675</td>
<td>7.199161</td>
<td>7.272734</td>
<td>5.269154</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tracking Error</td>
<td>3.482975</td>
<td>2.980953</td>
<td>2.774266</td>
<td>3.183743</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sortino Ratio</td>
<td>8.068179</td>
<td>7.378527</td>
<td>6.365207</td>
<td>7.304701</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chart -1: Debt Based Mutual Funds Ratios

4.2. Equity Based Mutual Funds:

Table-3: Equity Based Mutual Funds Ratios

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Matrix</th>
<th>HDFC</th>
<th>ICICI</th>
<th>KOTAK</th>
<th>AXIS</th>
<th>Ranking HDFC</th>
<th>Ranking ICICI</th>
<th>Ranking KOTAK</th>
<th>Ranking AXIS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sharpe Ratio</td>
<td>0.526753</td>
<td>0.9392</td>
<td>0.627087</td>
<td>1.192133</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treynor’s Ratio</td>
<td>39.21315</td>
<td>24.16707</td>
<td>16.6559</td>
<td>37.81911</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jensen’s Alpha</td>
<td>3.286549</td>
<td>-0.42863</td>
<td>-15.3487</td>
<td>15.38742</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tracking Error</td>
<td>3.407991</td>
<td>4.197928</td>
<td>3.838644</td>
<td>6.25616</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sortino Ratio</td>
<td>1.38782</td>
<td>2.607076</td>
<td>1.912373</td>
<td>5.644221</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.3. Hybrid Mutual Fund:

**Table-4: Equity Based Mutual Funds Ratios**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Matrix</th>
<th>HDFC</th>
<th>ICICI</th>
<th>KOTAK</th>
<th>AXIS</th>
<th>Ranking HDFC</th>
<th>Ranking ICICI</th>
<th>Ranking KOTAK</th>
<th>Ranking AXIS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sharpe Ratio</td>
<td>0.408656</td>
<td>0.783046</td>
<td>0.677109</td>
<td>0.583711</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treynor’s Ratio</td>
<td>10.73914</td>
<td>20.67052</td>
<td>17.82177</td>
<td>12.97295</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jensen’s Alpha</td>
<td>-13.1563</td>
<td>-6.81931</td>
<td>-9.23119</td>
<td>6.752462</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tracking Error</td>
<td>1.436481</td>
<td>3.608668</td>
<td>2.942278</td>
<td>2.039639</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sortino Ratio</td>
<td>0.708274</td>
<td>2.375767</td>
<td>1.607805</td>
<td>1.854549</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Chart -2: Equity Based Mutual Funds Ratios**

**Chart -3: Hybrid Mutual Funds Ratios**
Followings are the important points from the analysis of data:

- In Debt Based Mutual Funds Kotak Mahindra bank is performing well as compare to other banks (HDFC, ICICI, and Axis Banks).
- Axis Bank’s return in Debt Based Mutual Funds is performing low.
- In Equity Based Mutual Funds, Axis Bank is providing high returns as compare to other respective banks.
- HDFC Bank is in the second rank of high returns from the Equity point of view.
- Kotak Mahindra Bank is performing lower than HDFC, ICICI, and Axis Banks.
- In Hybrid Based Mutual Funds ICICI and Kotak Mahindra Bank are providing high return, ICICI Bank is in first rank and Kotak Mahindra Bank is in second place as compare to other banks.
- HDFC Bank is providing less returns in Hybrid Mutual Funds.

5. Discussion:
The above study concludes that the mutual funds were performing very safe for the investors. The mutual fund investments in stocks, bonds and other securities require significant expertise and stable supervision to allow an investor to take the ideal choice. As the investor generally attempt to amplify the profits and limit the risk. Mutual reserve fulfills these necessities by furnishing alluring gets back with reasonable risks. On Debt Based Mutual Funds it’s better to invest in Axis and ICICI Banks. In Equity Based Mutual Funds it better to invest in Axis Bank and while coming to Hybrid Based Mutual Funds it’s better to choose ICICI Bank. Risk takers for getting capital appreciation should invest in growth, equity schemes. Investors who are in need of regular income should invest in income plans.

6. References: